Appendix F   – HAZUS Results Report

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HAZUS-MH: Flood Event Report

Region Name: Pike - Flood

Flood Scenario: Pike - Flood 100 year

Print Date: Monday, January 17, 2011

Disclaimer:

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using HAZUS loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social

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HAZUS is a regional multi-hazard loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the National Institute of Building Sciences (NIBS). The primary purpose of HAZUS is to provide a methodology and software application to develop multi-hazard losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from multi-hazards and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The flood loss estimates provided in this report were based on a region that included 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

- Pennsylvania

Note:
Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is 547 square miles and contains 2,581 census blocks. The region contains over 17 thousand households and has a total population of 46,302 people (2000 Census Bureau data). The distribution of population by State and County for the study region is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 34,751 buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 5,159 million dollars (2006 dollars). Approximately 97.09% of the buildings (and 90.50% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

General Building Stock

HAZUS estimates that there are 34,751 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 5,159 million (2006 dollars). Table 1 and Table 2 present the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies by Study Region and Scenario respectively. Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

Table 1
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Study Region

Occupancy	Exposure ($1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	4,669,405	90.5%
Commercial	335,141	6.5%
Industrial	54,094	1.0%
Agricultural	6,257	0.1%
Religion	38,068	0.7%
Government	30,587	0.6%
Education	25,944	0.5%
Total	**5,159,496**	**100.00%**

Table 2
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Scenario

Occupancy	Exposure ($1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	1,391,695	90.6%
Commercial	104,964	6.8%
Industrial	14,753	1.0%
Agricultural	2,168	0.1%
Religion	6,772	0.4%
Government	8,525	0.6%
Education	6,607	0.4%
Total	**1,535,484**	**100.00%**

Essential Facility Inventory

For essential facilities, there are no hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of no beds. There are 14 schools, 10 fire stations, 5 police stations and no emergency operation centers.

HAZUS used the following set of information to define the flood parameters for the flood loss estimate provided in this report.

Study Region Name:	Pike - Flood
Scenario Name:	Pike - Flood 100 year
Return Period Analyzed:	100
Analysis Options Analyzed:	No What-Ifs

General Building Stock Damage

HAZUS estimates that about 265 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 2% of the total number of buildings in the scenario. There are an estimated 135 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 5 of the HAZUS Flood technical manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.

Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy

Occupancy	1-10 Count	(%)	11-20 Count	(%)	21-30 Count	(%)	31-40 Count	(%)	41-50 Count	(%)	Substantially Count	(%)
Agriculture	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Commercial	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Education	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Government	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Industrial	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Religion	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Residential	0	0.00	4	1.52	5	1.89	38	14.39	82	31.06	135	51.14
Total	**0**		**4**		**6**		**38**		**82**		**135**	

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type

Building Type	1-10 Count	(%)	11-20 Count	(%)	21-30 Count	(%)	31-40 Count	(%)	41-50 Count	(%)	Substantially Count	(%)
Concrete	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
ManufHousing	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	11	100.00
Masonry	0	0.00	1	1.49	0	0.00	9	13.43	23	34.33	34	50.75
Steel	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Wood	0	0.00	3	1.61	5	2.69	29	15.59	59	31.72	90	48.39

Before the flood analyzed in this scenario, the region had   hospital beds available for use.   On the day of the scenario flood event, the model estimates that hospital beds are available in the region.

Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities

| Classification | Total | # Facilities | | |
		At Least Moderate	At Least Substantial	Loss of Use
Fire Stations	10	2	0	2
Hospitals	0	0	0	0
Police Stations	5	1	0	1
Schools	14	0	0	0

If this report displays all zeros or is blank, two possibilities can explain this.

(1) None of your facilities were flooded. This can be checked by mapping the inventory data on the depth grid.

(2) The analysis was not run. This can be tested by checking the run box on the Analysis Menu and seeing if a message box asks you to replace the existing results.

Induced Flood Damage

Debris Generation

HAZUS estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the flood. The model breaks debris into three general categories: 1) Finishes (dry wall, insulation, etc.), 2) Structural (wood, brick, etc.) and 3) Foundations (concrete slab, concrete block, rebar, etc.). This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

The model estimates that a total of 18,264 tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, Finishes comprises 36% of the total, Structure comprises 36% of the total. If the debris tonnage is converted into an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 731 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the debris generated by the flood.

Social Impact

Shelter Requirements

HAZUS estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the flood and the associated potential evacuation. HAZUS also estimates those displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 825 households will be displaced due to the flood. Displacement includes households evacuated from within or very near to the inundated area. Of these, 1,371 people (out of a total population of 46,302) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.

The total economic loss estimated for the flood is 138.41 million dollars, which represents 9.01 % of the total replacement value of the scenario buildings.

Building-Related Losses

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the flood. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the flood.

The total building-related losses were 137.45 million dollars. 1% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. The residential occupancies made up 65.76% of the total loss. Table 6 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

Table 6: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Category	Area	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Building Loss						
	Building	59.29	9.67	1.05	1.87	71.89
	Content	31.59	25.77	1.68	5.47	64.50
	Inventory	0.00	0.60	0.26	0.20	1.06
	Subtotal	**90.89**	**36.04**	**2.99**	**7.54**	**137.45**
Business Interruption						
	Income	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.02	0.17
	Relocation	0.08	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.10
	Rental Income	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.04
	Wage	0.03	0.16	0.00	0.47	0.66
	Subtotal	**0.13**	**0.33**	**0.00**	**0.50**	**0.96**
ALL	**Total**	**91.02**	**36.37**	**2.99**	**8.03**	**138.41**

Appendix A: County Listing for the Region

Pennsylvania

- Pike

Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data

	Population	Building Value (thousands of dollars)		
		Residential	Non-Residential	Total
Pennsylvania				
Pike	46,302	4,669,405	490,091	5,159,496
Total	**46,302**	**4,669,405**	**490,091**	**5,159,496**
Total Study Region	**46,302**	**4,669,405**	**490,091**	**5,159,496**